



Scholars Research Library

Der Pharma Chemica, 2015, 7(10):212-218
(<http://derpharmachemica.com/archive.html>)



ISSN 0975-413X
CODEN (USA): PCHHAX

Synthesis, characterization and *in-vitro* biological evaluation of urea analogue of tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine

Dharmesh Pansuriya, Kalpesh Menpara, Naresh Kachhadiya, Jignesh Menpara and Kartik Ladva*

Chemical Research Laboratory, Shree M. & N. Virani Science College, Saurashtra University, Rajkot (Gujarat), India

ABSTRACT

A series of *N*-(substituted aryl)-4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide have been synthesized. The structures of all synthesized compounds have been delineated by using ^1H NMR, Mass and IR. All the synthesized compounds were screened for their *in-vitro* antimicrobial activity.

Key words: Dihydropyrimidine, Tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine, *in-vitro* antimicrobial activity.

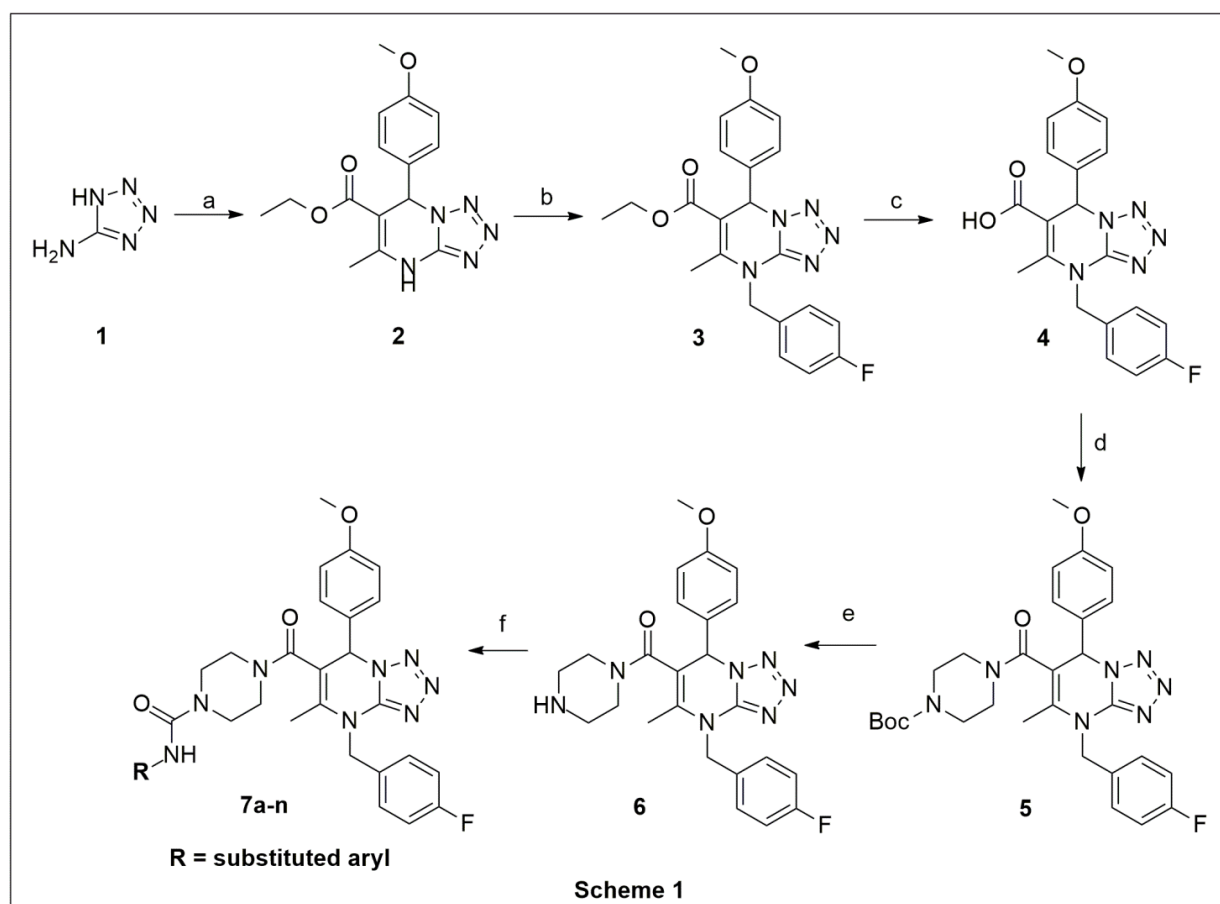
INTRODUCTION

Organic compounds containing pyrimidine as a core unit are known to exhibit various biological and pharmaceutical activities. [1] The synthesis of these complex heterocyclic scaffolds is assigned as one of the most fertile areas for both organic and medicinal chemistry, in context dihydropyrimidine core unit were found to show interesting biological activities such as antiviral, antitumor, anti-inflammatory and antibacterial. [2] Tetrazolopyrimidines have been reported to be used in the treatment of obesity, diabetes, atherosclerosis, hypertension, coronary heart disease, hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipidemia, thyroid cancer, hypothyroidism, depression, glaucoma, cardiac arrhythmias, and congestive heart failure.[3] Hence the preparation of Tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine core unit has gained much importance.

In view of these findings and in continuation of our work,[4] we herein report the synthesis, characterization and antimicrobial activity of urea analogue of Tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine derivatives.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

All chemicals were LR grade and used without further purification. The progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC on precoated plates (silica gel 60, F254) and visualized with UV light. Melting points were determined using Lab India V10 apparatus and are uncorrected. Flash column chromatography was performed with silica gel 60 (60-120 mesh). NMR spectra (^1H at 400 MHz) were recorded using $\text{CDCl}_3/\text{DMSO-d}^6$ as a solvent and chemical shifts are expressed in parts per million (ppm) related to internal TMS. Infrared spectra were determined on a Shimadzu FT-IR. The elemental analysis was carried out by using a Perkin-Elmer 2400 series-II elemental analyzer. The specifications of the LC/MS are as follows: electrospray (+) ionization, mass range 100-1500 Da, 20-V cone voltage, and Xterra MS C18 column (2.1 mm x 50 mm x 3.5 μm).



Reagents:(a) Ethylacetoacetate, EtOH, reflux; (b) 4-fluorobenzylbromide, K_2CO_3 , DMF, RT; (c) NaOH, H_2O , MeOH, RT; (d) i. Oxalylchloride, DCM; ii. Boc-piperazine, TEA, DCM.(e) TFA, DCM, RT; (f) Aryl isocyanate, TEA, DMF.

Synthesis of Ethyl 7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1,5-a-pyrimidine-6-carboxylate (2).To a stirred solution of Ethylacetoacetate(14.8 ml, 0.11mol) in ethanol (120 ml) was added 1H-tetrazol-5-amine hydrate **1**(12 gm, 0.1mol) and 4-methoxybenzaldehyde (14.2 ml, 0.1mol) at RT. The reaction mixture was heated at 80 °C for 7 h. The reaction mixture was cooled at 0 °C. The solid product, so formed, was collected by filtration and recrystallized by ethanol as off white solid. 26.3 g (80%). MP: 202-204 °C. 1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 1.05 (t, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.02(m, 2H), 6.53(s, 1H), 7.02-7.26 (m, 4H), 11.25 (s, 1H); MS: m/z 316(M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{15}H_{17}N_5O_3$: C, 57.13; H, 5.43; N, 22.21; O, 15.22.Found: C, 57.11; H, 5.38; N, 22.24; O, 15.27.

Synthesis of Ethyl 4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1,5-a-pyrimidine-6-carboxylate(3).To a solution of compound **2**(10.4 g, 0.032mol), Potassium carbonate (6.83 g, 0.049mol) and 4-fluoro benzyl bromide (4.11ml, 0.032mol) in DMF (40ml) was stirred at RT for 7h. The reaction mixture was then poured in to ice cold water. The solid product, so formed, was collected by filtration and recrystallized from ethanol as off white solid. 10.19 g (73%). MP: 192-194 °C. 1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 1.08 (t, 3H), 1.98 (t, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 4.01(m, 2H), 5.18(s, 2H), 6.51(s, 1H), 6.72- 6.99(m, 4H), 7.02- 7.26 (m, 4H); MS: m/z 424 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{22}H_{22}FN_5O_3$: C, 62.40; H, 5.24; F, 4.49; N, 16.54; O, 11.34.Found: C, 62.47; H, 5.18; F, 4.52; N, 16.49; O, 11.39.

Synthesis of 4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1,5-a-pyrimidine-6-carboxylic acid (4).To the solution of ester compound **3**(10.0 g, 0.023 mol) in methanol (50 ml) was added a solution of sodium hydroxide (4.72 g, 0.118 mol) in water (14 ml) at RT. This mixture was heated to reflux for 6 h, then evaporated methanol under reduced pressure. The residue was diluted with cold water (100 ml) and acidified with an 2M hydrochloric acid. The solid product, so formed, was collected by filtration to give a white solid. 7.8 g (83%). MP: 216-217 °C. 1H NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 1.98 (t, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 5.29(s, 2H), 6.49(s, 1H), 6.72- 6.99(m, 4H), 7.02- 7.26 (m, 4H), 12.08 (s, 1H); MS: m/z 396 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{20}H_{18}FN_5O_3$: C, 60.75; H, 4.59; F, 4.81; N, 17.71; O, 12.14.Found: C, 60.69; H, 4.63; F, 4.77; N, 17.75; O, 12.16.

Synthesis of tert-butyl 4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1H-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonyl) piperazine-1-carboxylate (5). To a solution of compound **4** (7.6 g, 0.019 mol) in DCM (40 mL) was added oxalyl chloride (5.0 mL, 0.057 mol) followed by the addition of catalytic amount of DMF under nitrogen atmosphere at RT. The resulting mixture is stirred for 3h at RT and then concentrated. The resulting yellow crude was acid chloride. A solution of triethylamine (7.02 mL, 0.038 mol), Boc-piperazine (4.5 g, 0.018 mol) in DCM and the mixture is cooled at 10-15°C. A solution of acid chloride was added dropwise to the reaction mixture at 10-15°C. After completion of the addition, the reaction mixture is stirred at RT for 1h. The reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution, and water. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulphate and evaporated under reduced pressure to give yellow solid. 7.2 g (66%). MP: 115-117 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1.04(s, 1H), 1.45(s, 9H), 1.86(s, 1H), 2.02(s, 3H), 3.03(m, 2H), 3.32(m, 2H), 3.81(s, 3H), 4.02(m, 2H), 5.16(s, 2H), 6.56(s, 1H), 6.78-6.97(m, 4H), 7.12-7.28(m, 4H); MS: m/z 564 (M+1). Anal. Calcd. For C₂₉H₃₄FN₇O₄: C, 61.80; H, 6.08; F, 3.37; N, 17.40; O, 11.35. Found: C, 61.86; H, 6.11; F, 3.41; N, 17.42; O, 11.36.

Synthesis of (4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1H-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-yl)(piperazin-1-yl) methanone (6). To a solution of compound **5** (7.1 g, 0.012 mol) in DCM (70 ml) was added drop wise TFA (35 ml) at 10 °C and stirred at same temperature for 2.5 h. Reaction mixture was charged into saturated NaHCO₃ solution, DCM layer was separated, aqueous layer were extracted with DCM. Combined organic layers were washed with water, dried over sodium sulphate and evaporated under reduced pressure to yield compound **6** as yellow solid. 5.2 g (88%). MP: 127-129 °C. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 1.03(s, 1H), 1.82(s, 1H), 2.01(s, 3H), 2.05(m, 1H), 3.01(m, 2H), 3.31(m, 2H), 3.76(s, 3H), 4.01(m, 2H), 5.16(s, 2H), 6.54(s, 1H), 6.76-6.95(m, 4H), 7.10-7.26(m, 4H); MS: m/z 464 (M+1). Anal. Calcd. For C₂₄H₂₆FN₇O₂: C, 62.19; H, 5.65; F, 4.10; N, 21.15; O, 6.90. Found: C, 62.15; H, 5.56; F, 4.07; N, 21.05; O, 6.83.

General procedure for preparation of 4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1H-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonyl)-N-(Aryl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7a-7n). To a stirred and cooled solution of compound **5** (0.54 mmol) and triethylamine (1.08 mmol) in DMF (15 ml), aryl isocyanate (0.59 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm at RT and stirred at RT for 4-6 h. The progress of reaction was monitored by TLC. Reaction mixture was charged in ice water (100 ml) and stirred for 20 min. Product was separated by filtration and washed with water (20 ml) and dried, gave **7a-7n**. The yield, reaction time and physical properties are reported in Table-1

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1H-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonyl)-N-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7a).

IR: 3312, 3018, 2885, 2235, 1691, 1090 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.25(s, 1H), 1.81(s, 1H), 1.98(s, 3H), 2.88(s, 1H), 3.10(d, 2H), 3.39(s, 1H), 3.61(s, 1H), 3.76(s, 3H), 4.11(s, 1H), 5.17(s, 2H), 6.44(s, 1H), 6.59(s, 1H), 6.85(d, 2H), 7.07(m, 4H), 7.21(d, 1H), 7.42(d, 2H), 7.51(d, 2H). ms: m/z 651 (M+1). Anal. Calcd. For C₃₂H₃₀F₄N₈O₃: C, 59.07; H, 4.65; F, 11.68; N, 17.22; O, 7.38. Found: C, 59.11; H, 4.59; F, 11.74; N, 17.25; O, 7.33.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1H-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonyl)-N-(4-(chloro)-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7b).

IR: 3299, 3026, 2872, 2239, 1683, 1088, 823 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.18(s, 1H), 1.79(s, 1H), 1.97(s, 3H), 2.88(s, 1H), 2.95(d, 2H), 3.32(s, 3H), 3.58(s, 1H), 3.76(s, 3H), 4.15(s, 1H), 5.17(s, 2H), 6.55(s, 1H), 6.59(s, 1H), 6.88(d, 2H), 7.09(m, 3H), 7.11(d, 1H), 7.50(d, 1H), 7.94(s, 1H). ms: m/z 686 (M+1). Anal. Calcd. For C₃₂H₂₉ClF₄N₈O₃: C, 56.10; H, 4.27; Cl, 5.18; F, 11.09; N, 16.36; O, 7.01. Found: C, 56.18; H, 4.21; Cl, 5.19; F, 11.23; N, 16.31; O, 7.07.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1H-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonyl)-N-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7c).

IR: 3314, 3035, 2875, 2240, 1685, 1083 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.24(s, 1H), 1.78(s, 1H), 1.97(s, 3H), 2.86(s, 1H), 2.91(d, 2H), 3.32(s, 1H), 3.62(s, 1H), 3.77(s, 3H), 4.13(s, 1H), 5.16(s, 2H), 6.47(s, 1H), 6.58(s, 1H), 6.88(d, 2H), 7.11(m, 4H), 7.17(d, 1H), 7.41(d, 1H), 7.46(d, 1H), 7.53(d, 1H), 7.58(s, 1H). ms: m/z 651 (M+1). Anal. Calcd. For C₃₂H₃₀F₄N₈O₃: C, 59.07; H, 4.65; F, 11.68; N, 17.22; O, 7.38. Found: C, 59.03; H, 4.69; F, 11.78; N, 17.10; O, 7.25.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-1H-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-6-carbonyl)-N-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7d).

IR: 3298, 3028, 2871, 2232, 1679, 1072 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.21(s, 1H), 1.77(s, 1H), 1.98(s, 3H), 2.87(s, 1H), 2.98(d, 2H), 3.34(s, 1H), 3.59(s, 1H), 3.76(s, 3H), 4.13(s, 1H), 5.17(s, 2H), 6.49(s, 1H), 6.53(s, 1H), 6.84(d,

2H), 7.13(m, 4H), 7.31(d, 1H), 7.44(d, 2H), 7.57(d, 1H), 7.92(s, 1H),. ms: m/z 651 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{32}H_{30}F_4N_8O_3$: C, 59.07; H, 4.65; F, 11.68; N, 17.22; O, 7.38found: C, 59.11; H, 4.61; F, 11.71; N, 17.19; O, 7.33.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(4-(methylthio) phenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7e).

IR: 3274, 3033, 2865, 2209, 1688, 1098, 689 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.26(s, 1H), 1.80(s, 1H), 2.01(s, 3H), 2.63(s, 3H) 2.85(s, 1H), 3.10(d, 2H), 3.36(s, 1H), 3.68(s, 1H), 3.75(s, 3H), 4.16(s, 1H), 5.19(s, 2H), 6.52(s, 1H), 6.58(s, 1H), 6.91(d, 2H), 7.25(m, 5H), 7.49(d, 1H), 7.82(d, 2H), 7.89(d, 1H). ms: m/z 629 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{32}H_{33}FN_8O_3S$: C, 61.13; H, 5.29; F, 3.02; N, 17.82; O, 7.63; S, 5.10found: C, 61.18; H, 5.24; F, 3.07; N, 17.79; O, 7.69; S, 5.18.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(3-(Fluoro) phenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7f).

IR: 3304, 2983, 2850, 2245, 1646, 1167, 1045 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.23(s, 1H), 1.79(s, 1H), 1.93(s, 3H), 2.88(s, 1H), 3.12(d, 2H), 3.37(s, 1H), 3.63(s, 1H), 3.78(s, 3H), 4.11(s, 1H), 5.21(s, 2H), 6.48(s, 1H), 6.51(s, 1H), 6.63(d, 2H), 7.15(m, 4H), 7.32(d, 2H), 7.48(d, 1H), 7.53(d, 1H), 7.59(s, 1H),. ms: m/z 601 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{31}H_{30}F_2N_8O_3$: C, 61.99; H, 5.03; F, 6.33; N, 18.66; O, 7.99found: C, 61.93; H, 5.10; F, 6.28; N, 18.71; O, 7.93.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(3-(Chloro) phenyl) phenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7g).

IR: 3318, 3017, 2865, 2235, 1672, 1178, 1078, 823 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.28(s, 1H), 1.73(s, 1H), 1.99(s, 3H), 2.87(s, 1H), 3.19(d, 2H), 3.32(s, 1H), 3.71(s, 1H), 3.77(s, 3H), 4.13(s, 1H), 5.30(s, 2H), 6.55(s, 1H), 6.59(s, 1H), 6.95(d, 2H), 7.29(m, 4H), 7.37(d, 2H), 7.52(d, 1H), 7.63(d, 1H), 7.87(s, 1H),. ms: m/z 618 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{31}H_{30}ClFN_8O_3$: C, 60.34; H, 4.90; Cl, 5.75; F, 3.08; N, 18.16; O, 7.78found: C, 60.38; H, 4.95; Cl, 5.79; F, 3.04; N, 18.11; O, 7.84.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7h).

IR: 3288, 3019, 2878, 2238, 1685, 1085 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.27(s, 1H), 1.79(s, 1H), 1.98(s, 3H), 2.75(s, 1H), 3.15(d, 2H), 3.38(s, 1H), 3.73(s, 1H), 3.78(s, 3H), 3.83(s, 9H), 4.14(s, 1H), 5.33(s, 2H), 6.49(s, 1H), 6.53(s, 1H), 6.67(d, 2H), 6.84(d, 2H), 7.09(m, 4H), 7.19(d, 1H). ms: m/z 673 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{34}H_{37}FN_8O_6$: C, 60.70; H, 5.54; F, 2.82; N, 16.66; O, 14.27found: C, 60.65; H, 5.61; F, 2.74; N, 16.61; O, 14.23.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(2,4-difluorophenyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7i).

IR: 3289, 2995, 2863, 2248, 1653, 1164, 1038 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.27(s, 1H), 1.81(s, 1H), 1.95(s, 3H), 2.89(s, 1H), 3.17(d, 2H), 3.36(s, 1H), 3.69(s, 1H), 3.79(s, 3H), 4.14(s, 1H), 5.29(s, 2H), 6.44(s, 1H), 6.53(s, 1H), 6.58(d,1H), 6.81(d, 2H), 7.05(d, 2H), 7.09(d, 2H), 7.28(d, 1H), 7.36(d, 1H), 7.39(d, 1H),. ms: m/z 619 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{31}H_{29}F_3N_8O_3$: C, 60.19; H, 4.73; F, 9.21; N, 18.11; O, 7.76found:C, 60.11; H, 4.63; F, 9.18; N, 18.16; O, 7.70

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(benzyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7j).

IR: 3182, 3090, 2924, 1720, 1654, 1141, 1099 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.26(s, 1H), 1.89(s, 1H), 1.99(s, 3H), 2.81(s, 1H), 3.16(d, 2H), 3.33(s, 1H), 3.64(s, 1H), 3.77(s, 3H), 4.19(s, 1H), 5.19(s, 2H), 5.26(s, 2H), 6.42(s, 1H), 6.53(d, 2H), 6.78(d,1H), 6.81(d, 1H), 7.05(m, 4H), 7.09(m, 4H), 7.28(d, 1H). ms: m/z 597 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{32}H_{33}FN_8O_3$: C, 64.42; H, 5.57; F, 3.18; N, 18.78; O, 8.04found: C, 64.38; H, 5.61; F, 3.09; N, 18.72; O, 8.14.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(3,5-ditrifluoromethyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7k).

IR: 3293, 3034, 2873, 2238, 1671, 1079 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.19(s, 1H), 1.87(s, 1H), 1.96(s, 3H), 2.89(s, 1H), 2.93(d, 2H), 3.31(s, 1H), 3.62(s, 1H), 3.79(s, 3H), 4.19(s, 1H), 5.21(s, 2H), 6.45(s, 1H), 6.59(s, 1H), 6.94(d, 2H), 7.19(m, 4H), 7.29(d, 1H),7.85(s, 1H), 7.92(s, 2H),. ms: m/z 719 (M+1). Anal.Calcd. For $C_{33}H_{29}F_7N_8O_3$: C, 55.15; H, 4.07; F, 18.51; N, 15.59; O, 6.68found C, 55.23; H, 4.16; F, 18.45; N, 15.50; O, 6.64.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(4-fluoro)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7l).

IR: 3318, 2978, 2868, 2274, 1654, 1178, 1089 cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.23(s, 1H), 1.79(s, 1H), 1.93(s, 3H), 2.88(s, 1H), 3.12(d, 2H), 3.37(s, 1H), 3.63(s, 1H), 3.78(s, 3H), 4.11(s, 1H), 5.21(s, 2H), 6.48(s, 1H), 6.57(s, 1H),

6.69(d, 2H), 7.14(m, 4H), 7.18(d, 1H), 7.39(d, 2H), 7.48(d, 2H). ms: m/z 601 (M+1). Anal. Calcd. For C₃₁H₃₀F₂N₈O₃: C, 61.99; H, 5.03; F, 6.33; N, 18.66; O, 7.99 found: C, 62.05; H, 5.05; F, 6.29; N, 18.59; O, 7.95

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(4-trifluoromethoxy)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7m).

IR: 3319, 3028, 2885, 2234, 1674, 1123 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.19(s, 1H), 1.76(s, 1H), 1.93(s, 3H), 2.76(s, 1H), 3.15(d, 2H), 3.37(s, 1H), 3.61(s, 1H), 3.79(s, 3H), 4.13(s, 1H), 5.36(s, 2H), 6.51(d, 2H), 6.57(d, 2H), 6.91(d, 2H), 7.19(m, 3H), 7.28(d, 2H), 7.41(d, 2H). ms: m/z 667 (M+1). Anal. Calcd. For C₃₂H₃₀F₄N₈O₄: C, 57.65; H, 4.54; F, 11.40; N, 16.81; O, 9.60 found: C, 57.61; H, 4.61; F, 11.49; N, 16.73; O, 9.65.

4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)-N-(3-methoxy)piperazine-1-carboxamide (7n).

IR: 3319, 3028, 2885, 2234, 1674, 1123 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.26(s, 1H), 1.81(s, 1H), 1.98(s, 3H), 2.79(s, 1H), 3.12(d, 2H), 3.39(s, 1H), 3.65(s, 1H), 3.76(s, 6H), 4.11(s, 1H), 5.31(s, 2H), 6.44(s, 1H), 6.59(d, 2H), 6.82(d, 2H), 7.04(m, 4H), 7.17(d, 2H), 7.38(d, 2H). ms: m/z 613 (M+1). Anal. Calcd. For C₃₂H₃₃FN₈O₄: C, 62.73; H, 5.43; F, 3.10; N, 18.29; O, 10.45 found: C, 62.68; H, 5.38; F, 3.19; N, 18.21; O, 10.38.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Chemistry: The synthetic route used to synthesize the title compounds 7a–n is illustrated in Scheme 1. The Ethyl-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carboxylate **2** prepared by reaction of 5-amino tetrazole **1** with ethylacetoacetate and 4-methoxybenzaldehyde in refluxing ethanol using Biginelli MCR. The N-benzylation of **2** with 4-fluoro benzyl bromide and potassium carbonate in DMF at RT lead to formation of Ethyl-4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carboxylate **3**. Two proton of benzyl group was observed at 5.18 δppm as singlet and M+1 at 424 confirm the formation of compound **3**. Hydrolysis of ester **3** using aqueous sodium hydroxide in methanol gave acid derivative **4**. The acid **4** converted into corresponding acid chloride using oxalylchloride and DCM. Acid chloride **4** react with Bocpiperazine to give Tert-butyl-4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate **5**. Removal of Boc group by TFA gave secondary amine derivative **6**. Finally compound **6** were treated with aryl isocyanate in DMF gave N-(substituted aryl)-4-(4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-7-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-4,7-dihydro-tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-6-carbonyl)piperazine-1-carboxamide (**7a–n**) derivatives.

The structures of all the synthesized compounds were confirmed by ¹H NMR, Mass spectrometry, IR and elemental analysis. In ¹H NMR spectra, the chiral C–H proton of pyrimidine ring appeared as a singlet around at 6.45–6.55 δ ppm. The mass spectrum of all the synthesized compounds showed a molecular ion peak as M+1. The physical characterization data are listed in table 1.

Table 1: Characteristics physical data of amide derivatives 7a–n

Sr. No.	Compound Code	M.P. (°C)	Yield (%)
7a	4-Trifluoromethyl	136-38	78
7b	4-Chloro 2-Trifluoromethyl	114-16	75
7c	2-Trifluoromethyl	206-08	71
7d	3-Trifluoromethyl	120-22	65
7e	4-thiomethyl	153-55	82
7f	3-fluoro	233-35	69
7g	3-chloro	141-43	64
7h	3,4,5-trimethoxy	153-55	79
7i	2,4-difluoro	115-17	82
7j	benzyl	102-04	87
7k	3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)	123-25	66
7l	4-fluoro	109-11	81
7m	4-trifluoromethoxy	106-108	75
7n	3-methoxy	101-103	84

(7a,7c,7d,7f,7h,7i,7k,7n- Off white solid, 7b,7e,7g,7j,7l- pale yellow solid, 7m-white solid)

Biological activities

Antibacterial and antifungal activities: The newly synthesized derivatives were evaluated for their in vitro antibacterial activity against gram negative Escherichia coli and pseudomonas aeruginosa, gram positive Bacillus cereus and Bacillus megaterium and antifungal activity against aspergillus niger and Aspergillus flavus by micro broth dilution method [5–7]. The standard strains used for screening antibacterial and antifungal activities were procured from institute of microbial technology (IMTECH), Chandigarh, India. The MIC values are given in Table-2. The standard drugs used for antibacterial activity were Streptomycin, ampicillin and nystatin for antifungal activity. Mueller Hinton Broth was used as nutrient medium for bacteria and Sabouraud Dextrose Broth for fungal to grow.

Inoculum size for test strain was adjusted to 10^8 CFU/mL by comparing the turbidity. The serial dilutions were prepared in primary and secondary screening. The target compounds and standard drugs were dissolved in DMSO-water at a concentration of 2.0 mg/ml. In primary screening, 500 μ g/mL, 250 μ g/mL, and 125 μ g/mL concentrations of the synthesized drugs were taken. Data were not taken for the initial solution because of the high DMSO concentration (10%). The actively synthesized drugs found in this primary screening were further tested in a second set of dilution against all microorganisms. In secondary screening, the drugs found active in primary screening were similarly diluted to obtain 100 μ g/mL, 50 μ g/mL, and 25 μ g/mL, 12.5 μ g/mL, and 6.25 μ g/mL concentrations. The inoculated wells were incubated overnight at 37°C in a humid atmosphere overnight. The highest dilution showing at least 99% inhibition zone is taken as MIC.

The MIC values revealed that the synthesized compounds showed moderate to good inhibition. Compounds 7b, 7c, 7e, 7i and 7n exhibited good activities against bacterial strains. The MIC values of antifungal activity shown that compound 7c and 7e exhibited good activity against all fungal strain. Compound 7b shows good activity against *A. flavus* and compound 7i shows good activity against *A. niger*.

Table 2: Antibacterial and antifungal activity of amide derivatives 7a-n

Compound	Antibacterial MIC (μ g mL ⁻¹)				Antifungal MIC (μ g mL ⁻¹)	
	<i>E. coli</i>	<i>P. aeruginosa</i>	<i>B. megaterium</i>	<i>B. cereus</i>	<i>A. niger</i>	<i>A. flavus</i>
Streptomycin	50	50	-	-	-	-
Ampicillin	-	-	100	100	-	-
Nystatin	-	-	-	-	100	100
7a	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7b	1000	1000	500	1000	1000	500
7c	1000	500	1000	500	500	500
7d	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7e	1000	1000	250	250	250	250
7f	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7g	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7h	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7i	500	500	1000	1000	500	1000
7j	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7k	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7l	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7m	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
7n	500	500	1000	1000	1000	1000

CONCLUSION

A series of Tetrazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine derivatives have been synthesized in good yield (64% to 87%) and screened for their *in-vitro* biological activity with the aim of discovering innovative structure leads serving as potent antimicrobial agents.

Acknowledgements

The authors are thankful to UGC and DST for financial support under the scheme of Innovative PG Programs and FIST programme respectively and also to Atmiya *in-vitro* testing Laboratory, Rajkot for antimicrobial activity studies.

REFERENCES

- [1] (a) K Ladva, U Dave, H Parekh. *J. Indian Chem. Soc.* **1991**, 68(6), 370-71. (b) Sharma, A. K.; Jayakumar, S.; Hundal, M. S.; Mahajan, P. M. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1* **2002**, 774. (c) Sasaki, S.; Cho, N.; Nara, Y.; Harada, M.; Endo, S.; Suzuki, N.; Furuya, S.; Fujino, M. *J. Med. Chem.* **2003**, 46, 113. (d) Kappe, C. O. *Tetrahedron* **1993**, 49, 6937, and references cited therein.
- [2] a) Overman, L. E.; Rabinowitz, M. H. Renhowe, P.A. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1995**, 117, 2657. (b) Snider, B. B.; shri, Z. *J. Org. Chem.* **1993**, 58, 3828. (c) kappe, C. O. *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **2000**, 35, 1043. (d) amr, A. E.; Ashraf, M. M.; Salwa, F. M.; Nagla, A. A.; Hammam, A. G. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **2006**, 14, 5488.
- [3] (a) Takayama, Y.; Yoshida, Y.; Uehata, M. US Patent No. 7109208, **2006**. (b) Fujii, A.; Tanaka, H.; Otsuki, M.; Kawaguchi, T.; Oshita, K. US Patent No. 6930115, **2005**. (c) Takaya, T.; Murata, M.; Ito, K. US Patent No. 4725600, **1988**. (d) Utsunomiya, T.; Niki, T.; Kikuchi, T.; Watanabe, J.; Yamagishi, K.; Nishioka, M.; Suzuki, H.; Furusato, T.; Miyake, T. WO/1999/006380, PCT/JP1998/003397, **1999**. (e) Aspnes, G.E.; Chiang, Y.P. US Patent No. 6441015, **2002**. (f) Uehata, M.; Ono, T.; Satoh, H.; Yamagami, K.; Kawahara, T. US Patent No. 6218410, **2001**.
- [4] Dharmesh Pansuriya, Kalpesh Menpara, Naresh Kachhadiya, Jignesh Menpara, Kartik Ladva. *Journal of Applicable Chemistry* **2014**, 3 (6): 2335-2342.

[5] National committee for clinical laboratory standards. Methods for dilution, antimicrobial susceptibility tests for bacteria that grow aerobically approved standard, (M7A5), 5th ed.; national committee for clinical laboratory standards: Wayne, PA, **2000**.

[6] Shadomy, S. In Manual of Clinical microbiology; albert, B. Ed.; ASM press: Washington, DC, **1991**; p. 1173.

[7] Rattan, A. antimicrobial in laboratory medicine; BI Churchill Livingstone; India, **2000**; p. 85.